

MAO'S CHINA AND AFTER



A History of the People's Republic

THIRD EDITION

MAURICE MEISNER


THE FREE PRESS

Contents

Preface to the Third Edition xi

PART ONE: THE REVOLUTIONARY HERITAGE

1. Western Imperialism and the Weakness
of Chinese Social Classes 3
2. The Defection of the Intellectuals 10
3. The Abortiveness of Bourgeois and Proletarian Revolution 20
4. The Maoist Revolution and the Yan'an Legacy 31

PART TWO: THE NEW ORDER, 1949–1955

5. The New State 55
6. The Cities: The Rise and Fall of National Capitalism 75
7. Land Reform: The Bourgeois Revolution in the Countryside 90
8. The Social and Political Consequences of Industrialization 103
9. Agricultural Collectivization, 1953–1957 129

PART THREE: UTOPIANISM, 1956–1960

10. The Hundred Flowers: Socialism, Bureaucracy, and Freedom 155
11. Permanent Revolution: The Ideological Origins
of the Great Leap 191

12. Economics of the Great Leap Forward	204
13. The People's Communes and the "Transition to Communism": 1958–1960	214

PART FOUR: THE THERMIDORIAN REACTION, 1960–1965

14. The Bureaucratic Restoration	245
15. The New Economic Policy, 1961–1965	260
16. The Socialist Education Movement, 1962–1965	273

PART FIVE: THE CULTURAL REVOLUTION
AND ITS AFTERMATH, 1966–1976

17. The Concept of Cultural Revolution	291
18. The Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, 1966–1969	312
19. Social Results of the Cultural Revolution	352
20. The Aftermath of the Cultural Revolution and the Close of the Maoist Era, 1969–1976	376

PART SIX: DENG XIAOPING AND THE ORIGINS OF
CHINESE CAPITALISM, 1976–1998

21. The Legacies of the Maoist Era	413
22. The Rise of Deng Xiaoping and the Critique of Maoism	427
23. Market Reforms and the Development of Capitalism	449
24. The Struggle for Democracy	483
25. The End of the Reign of Deng Xiaoping: China in the 1990s	514

Selected Bibliography 549

Index 569