## Alienation

## MARX'S CONCEPTION OF MAN IN CAPITALIST SOCIETY

## BERTELL OLLMAN

Associate Professor

Department of Politics, New York University

SECOND EDITION

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS

CAMBRIDGE LONDON NEW YORK MELBOURNE

## Contents

Preface to the second edition  Note on translations  Acknowledgements			vii
			ix
			x
General introduction			хi
	PART I PHILOSOPHICAL INTRODUCTION		
1	With words that appear like bats		3
Ż	Social relations as subject matter		12
3	The philosophy of internal relations		26
4	Is there a Marxian ethic?		41
5	Dialectic as outlook		52
6	Dialectic as inquiry and exposition		61
	Summary		69
	PART II MARX'S CONCEPTION OF HUMAN NATURE	ž	
7	Powers and needs		73
8	Natural man		77
9	Species man		82
0	Relating man to objects: orientation, perception		85
1	Appropriation		89
2	Nature as evidence		94
3	Activity, work, creativity		97
4	Man's social nature		04
5	The character of the species		09
6	Freedom as essence		14
7	Man, classes, people		20
	Summary	1	26
	PART III THE THEORY OF ALIENATION		
8	The theory of alienation		31
9	Man's relation to his productive activity		36
0.	Man's relation to his product	1	41
1	Man's relation to his fellow men	1	47
2	Man's relation to his species	1	50

vi	Contents	
23	The capitalist's alienation	153
24	The division of labor and private property	157
25	The labor theory of value: labor-power	166
26	Value as alienated labor	174
27	The metamorphosis of value	187
28	The fetishism of commodities	195
29	Class as a value Relation	202
30	State as a value Relation	212
31	Religion as a value Relation	221
32	Marx's critique of bourgeois ideology	227
	Summary	233
	PART IV CONCLUSION	
33	A critical evaluation	237
	Appendix 1. In defense of the philosophy of internal	
	relations	256
	Appendix II. Response to my critics: more on	
	internal relations	263
	Notes to the text	277
	Bibliography of works cited	320
	Index of names and ideas	325