Kenya's Constitution:

An Instrument for Change

CONTENTS

The Promise of the Constitution

The National Anthem	
The Preamble of the Constitution	
Part 1: Abuse of the State in Kenya, and the new beginning	1
Chapter 1: Background to 2010	3
Relates briefly Kenya's constitutional history, emphasising why it was thought necessary to have a new Constitution	
• What is a Constitution?	3
Politics and Constitutions	4
Colonialism and the Constitution	5
Negotiating the Independence constitution	7
• The 1963 Constitution	8
• Dismantling the Constitution	9
• Lessons from our constitutional history	12
Questions to think about	14
Chapter 2: Overview of the Constitution	15
A brief summary of the Constitution	
People-centred constitution	16
Chart: Contents of the Constitution	17
• Why is the Constitution so long?	19
Values and Principles	20
• The Structure of Government: an outline	21
Devolution: county government	26
• Implementation: the official tasks and the role of citizens	26
How can the Constitution be changed?	28
Some questions to think about	29
Box: Some important constitutional ideas	30

Part 2: Building the Nation	- 32
Chapter 3: Nation, People and Values in the Constitution	- 33
Who are the people of Kenya, what is citizenship, what does the Constitution say about citizenship, what are the values it includes? Including introduction to the idea of human rights	
• Values and principles	
• Human Rights	
• Citizenship: defining ourselves	
• Some questions to think about	- 38
Chapter 4: Unity, Diversity, Equality and Fairness I: Groups	- 40
Discusses how Kenya has been divided, especially by politicians, along ethnic lines, and because of inequalities, and how the Constitution tries to make everyone part of the nation, and to feel part of it, focusing here on rights of particular interest to groups, including affirmative action	
Diversity, Divisiveness and Inequality	
The Constitution: attacking divisiveness	
• Equality	
 Minorities, "marginalised groups" and marginalised communities" 	
• Some questions to think about	- 48
Chapter 5: Unity, Diversity, Equality and Fairness II: Individuals	- 49
Focuses more on the rights of individuals, including issues of representation	
• Gender	
• LGBT	
• Disability	
• Children	
• Youth and age	
• Other "unpopular" groups	
Some questions to think about	- 63
Chapter 6: A Satisfying Quality of Life for all Kenyans	- 65
Deals with the issues that for most people are necessary for life to seem worthwhile Introduction	
• The value of "equality"	66
• Education, health, food, water, and housing	66
• Work	
• Poverty – and development	73
• Environment	74
• Land	76

• Culture	79
• Security	84
• Who is responsible – the national government or the county?	87
Some questions to think about	88
Part 3: Building the State	90
Chapter 7: The Executive and the Legislature	91
Describes the system of government with a focus on the executive and the legislature (mostly at the national level)	02
• Why do you need to know about how the state works?	
Main features of the Kenyan State	
• Structures of government	
- National Executive	-
- Table: comparing the old and the new style of president in Kenya	
- National Legislature	
• Box: Political parties	
- How will this new presidential system work?	
Some questions to think about	10/
Chapter 8: Other Institutions and Processes	108
Deals with the courts, commissions, the way the constitution is designed to	
end impunity, the place of the public service and security services • Judicial and legal system	100
Pubic services	
Independent commissions and offices	
• Finance	
• Conclusion	
Some questions to think about	
• Some questions to think about	11/
Chapter 9: Devolution: Self-government and Local Responsibility	118
Describes and analyses the whole system of county government, the powers of costructure of the system, relationships between the various levels of government • Objectives of devolution	-
Powers of county government	
• Resources of counties	
• Structure of county government	
• Relationship between the county and the national governments	
Assessment of the system Process	
• Box: What could counties do?	15/

• Some questions to think about	138
Some important words connected to devolution	139
Chapter 10: Integrity, Transparency and Accountability	140
On the provisions for ensuring that the holders of public office are really accou	ntable to
the people, how their integrity and honesty is supposed to be ensured, the quali	fications for
public office, and the control of public finance• Qualifications	1.4.1
Appointments process	
• Conduct	
• Transparency	
• Enforcement and penalties	
• Public finance	
• Some questions to think about	
Part 4: Using the Constitution	153
Chapter 11: Electoral Democracy	155
Deal with how the people can use the constitution through the electoral system	
• Right to vote	
• Who runs elections?	
• The right to stand	
• Who will represent you (in Parliament)?	
• Recall	
• Voting for the President	
• Political parties (and politicians)	
• Conclusion	
Some questions to think about	164
Chapter 12: Participating, Complaining and Monitoring	165
Discusses how an active, involved citizen can participate, apart from voting	
• The Constitution on participation	
• Human rights and participation	
• Negotiating	
• Pressurising and publicising	
• Organise	
• "We are watching you"	
• Litigate – go to court	
• Use the international human rights machinery	
Some questions to think about	175
Fulfilling the Promise of the Constitution	176