PRIVILEGE AND THE POLITICS OF TAXATION IN EIGHTEENTH-CENTURY FRANCE

LIBERTÉ, ÉGALITÉ, FISCALITÉ

MICHAEL KWASS University of Georgia



.

Contents

	t of illustrations f t of figures	<i>age</i> xi xii
List	t of tables	xiii
Acknowledgements		xiv
List	t of abbreviations	xvii
	Introduction: why taxes?	I
PA	RT ONE. REASSESSING PRIVILEGE	21
I	The economy of privilege and the challenge of universal	
	taxation	23
	Stories of fiscal privilege	24
	Fiscal-military rivalry and the establishment of universal taxes	33
	Persuading the public: the crown's own stories	38
	From courts and communities to administrators and individuals	47
2	A kingdom of taxpayers	62
	Universal taxation in the pays d'élections	71
	Universal taxation in the pays d'états	95
	Universal taxes on targeted privileged groups	103
PA	RT TWO. THE POLITICS OF TAXATION AND THE LANGUAG	E
	DISPUTE	117
3	Petitioning for "justice": tax disputes in the administrative	
-	sphere	119
	Petitions and the clamor for justice	120
	Administrative justice	139
4	Taking "liberty" to the public: tax disputes in the	
	institutional sphere	155

•

	The calm before the storm	158
	Jansenists and taxpayers, 1760–1764	161
	Maupeou and beyond, 1771–1782	194
5	Taxation, Enlightenment, and the printed word: debate	
	in the literary sphere	213
	The circulation of texts on the royal finances	214
	The ideas and rhetoric of literature on taxation	222
РА	RT THREE. FROM RESISTANCE TO REVOLUTION	253
6	Turning taxpayers into citizens: reform, revolution, and	
	the birth of modern political representation	255
	Provincial assemblies and the dawn of a "New Regime"	256
	The call for estates and constitutional revolution	273
	The empowerment of the Third Estate and social revolution	283
	Revolution and the "active" citizen	303
	Conclusion: liberté, égalité, fiscalité	311
	Tocqueville and Habermas reconsidered	319
Se	lect bibliography	324
	Archival sources	324
	Published primary sources	327
	Secondary works	330
Index		342

Contents

х

•