

Global Strategy and Practice of E-Governance: Examples from Around the World

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This chapter discusses urban e-governance in the case of Tamil Nadu state, as well as Tambaram, a suburb of the city of Chennai, in India. The author emphasis the importance of e-readiness in this particular context.
Chapter 2 Municipal Mobile SMS Services: An E-Government Initiative of the Municipality of La Paz, Bolivia
Rodolfo Castillo López, Asesoramiento Empresarial S.A, Bolivia
This chapter discusses the creation of a master plan developed by the Municipality of La Paz in 2009, for the improvement of ICT-based services to citizens. The chapter focuses on the m-Government side of the plan, and in particular on the use of SMS services.
Chapter 3 The Soveria.it Project: A Best Practice of E-Government in Southern Italy

This chapter describes the content of the Soveria.it project implemented in a small town in the South of Italy with the aims of: promoting the use of ICTs to make public administration services more efficient and accessible through internet; creating channels for a direct communication between citizens and public administration; and creating a public wireless access to Internet, available to the entire population free of charge.

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U Ian Edith Lei, The Venetian Macao-Resort-Hotel (VMRH), Macao

In this chapter the authors investigate the factors that might influence the usage of e-government services. They conclude that there are two important ways to increase usage intention of e-government services: (i) develop trust in e-government services and (ii) make e-government services more compatible with the users' lifestyle.

Chapter 5

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In this chapter the author considers whether the introduction of ICTs has improved the role of women in rural governance in India and suggests how to exploit the potential of ICTs to solve the existing gender issues.

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Walter Castelnovo, University of Insubria, Italy	

This chapter discusses the involvement of small municipalities in partnerships, both with public and private partners, as a way to improve their efficiency and effectiveness. It suggests a possible solution to the problem of the asymmetric availability of skills and capacity of the public partner with respect to the private partners, thus allowing the public part a better governance of the relationship.

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The authors of this chapter discuss how e-governance and public administration reform strategies go hand-in-hand, and how the integration of these strategies can be important to a successful implementation.

From the City of Bits to E-Topia: Space, Citizenship and Community as Global Strategy
in the Governance of the Digitally-Inclusive Regeneration Thesis
Deakin's theoretical (and some would say almost philosophical) piece reflects on governance in a modern urban context. In a sense, Deakin asks the important question of whether ICTs help to bring citizens into the community, and to bring communities closer together, or whether ICTs are actually splitting up the community and alienating its citizens.
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Evaluation of Turkish Public E-Procurement Systems: An Analysis of Critical Success Factors 144 Meltem Yildirim Imamoglu, Ministry of Finance, Turkey Mohammed Rehan, Atilim University, Turkey
This chapter discusses electronic public procurement systems, including the advantages of these. The context of study is Turkey, but the authors outline some experiences of a number of European Union countries as well.
Chapter 10
Study of Electronic Governance Practices: Controllership Instrument
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ΕΩΝΟΝ ΕΙΝΎ ΚΙΚΚΙΟ ΕΙΜΙΝΡΙΝΙΙΝ ΟΙ ΜΟΟ ΕΌΝΙΟ ΑΥΜΎΙΙ

This chapter defines a Brazilian States Electronic Governance Index (BEGI) and considers the relation between it and some well known economic and social development indexes. The authors conclude that States with the highest Gross Domestic Product, the highest Human Development Index and the lowest Gini co-efficient, are the ones with the highest number of implemented electronic governance practices.

Chapter 11

This chapter discusses the challenges to the implementation of government ICT projects and governance through ICT in countries ravaged by war or conflict. The author suggests that ICTs can be an important enabler of development and reconstruction in such post-conflict nations.

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This chapter discusses Ghana's e-Governance initiative and the particular implementation challenges and constraints this initiative has encountered.

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In this chapter the author discusses the success factors of the Danish e-Government initiatives. Such factors include: the definition of an interoperability framework, the focus on cross-organizational collaboration and governance; a joint approach between the government, the regions and the municipalities; and the promotion and encouragement of ICT use in the public sector.

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This chapter describes the process of transformation of Government that has been going on in Turkey since the early '80s and presents e-government as a new avenue of the transformative trend, influencing the Turkish system of Government as a whole.

Chapter 15

E-Turkey: Turkey's Way to the Information Society
İbrahim Arpacı, Middle East Technical University, Turkey

This chapter discusses the e-government development process in Turkey and some of the major projects taking place within this context. With data from a series of interviews with officials, the author discusses some key challenges of the electronic transformation.

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This chapter discusses the implementation of a national e-governance strategy in Russia. The authors outline the various stages of policy the country has gone through, as well as some of the main challenges faced.

Chapter 17
E-Governance for Development: Designing an Operational Roadmap for ICT-Enabled
Public Administration Reform
Gianluca Misuraca, Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne (EPFL), Switzerland Gianluigi Viscusi, University of Milano-Bicocca, Italy
This chapter presents a conceptual framework on E-Governance for development that is intended to account for the relations among different stakeholders when introducing ICTs and for the way these interactions can affect institutions and society at large. The application of the framework is exemplified with respect to two Mediterranean countries: Algeria and Morocco.
Chapter 18
The Contribution of Colombian Civil Society Organizations to E-Government for the Improvement of Transparency through the Use of Information and Communication Technologies
This chapter discusses the experience of civil society organizations in Columbia in pushing the agenda of transparency of government, through the implementation of an "Internet for Accountability" initiative. The results of a consultation are presented and in particular some of the difficulties faced by rural municipalities are discussed.
Chapter 19
Is the Internet Mightier than the Sword: An Anti-Corruption Perspective
The author of this chapter considers whether ICTs can help reduce corruption and improve governance. The examples considered in the chapter clearly show that ICTs can be used to organize and sustain an opposition to corruption, even when the mainstream media stand apart from the issue.
Chapter 20
Parties and ICTs: Analyzing Party Strategies to Use the Internet for Political Mobilization
This chapter studies what elements can influence the online strategies of political parties. It concludes that parties that are large, in the opposition, non-ideological or highly cohesive, and with small bureaucracies, are those that use internet more intensively to mobilize support.
Section 3
Strategy and Practice at the Regional Level
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Gianluca Misuraca, Institute for Prospective Technological Studies (IPTS), Spain

& Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne (EPFL), Switzerland

Chapter 21

This chapter describes the introduction of government electronic invoicing within some countries of the Latin America area. The author indentifies four elements that should be considered when introducing electronic invoices: a solid legal framework on the use of tax documents; a solid institutional basis; a solid technological basis allowing a reliable infrastructure; the involvement of the private sector as a strategic partner.

Chapter 22

The chapter describes three cooperation projects supported by the German Technical Cooperation in Chile and El Salvador. It highlights the GTZ mode of intervention, which aims at improving the management, efficiency and efficacy capacities of the Latin-American counterparts by adding elements that promote transparency, participation and citizenship information.

Chapter 23

The authors of this chapter discuss the concept of information and communication technology for good (ICT4G), illustrating the concept with a series of case studies. They point out the importance of good governance, and interestingly make the point that e-governance is as much or more about governance as it is about "e".

Chapter 24

In this chapter, the author discusses what should be done by the Latin-American and Caribbean countries to become incorporated into the global knowledge society. The discussion leads to: (i) the definition of a strategic plan for developing ICTs in the area and (ii) the description of a roadmap for integrating the different stakeholders, as a way to fostering a strategic innovation in the e-governance of Latin American and Caribbean countries.

Chapter 25
E-Government Clusters: From Framework to Implementation
Ajay Kumar Reddy Adala, Centre for e-Governance, India
This chapter extends the work of Michael Porter and others in describing industry clusters, to the con-
cept of e-government clusters. Several such clusters have emerged in the recent decade and a few cases
are explored and an extended cluster framework presented.
Chapter 26
The Knowledge Economy: A New Development Paradigm for Latin America
and the Caribbean (LAC)
Danilo Piaggesi, Fondazione Rosselli Americas (FRA) & International Knowledge Economy Program (IKEP), USA
Maria J. Chea, American University, USA
This chapter discusses the opportunities that would arise for the Latin America and Caribbean countries from the transition from a basically agricultural economy to the knowledge economy. To achieve this result a multi-sector stakeholder approach is needed in which both public and private organizations should be involved in a collective effort to deploy a knowledge economy based society.
A Possible Future Manifesto
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